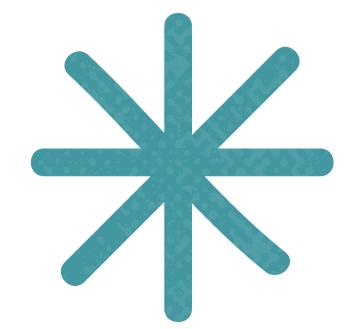








A-Important Terms.
B-Group 2 sounds.



Prepared by: T.Amel Ahmed

A-IMPORTANT TERMS:



1-Vowel Letters:

-There are 26 letters in the English alphabet. Out of 26 five are Vowels.

And Consonants make up the remaining 21 letters.

Vowels are:

a, e, i, o, u

Consonants are:

b, c, d, f, g, h, j, k, l, m, n, p, q, r, s, t, v, w, x, y and z

SHORT VOWEL

take a shorter amount

Vowel Letters

Vowel Letters of time to say than long vowel sounds.





LONG VOWEL

Each vowel can make two different Similar to their name sounds:

a short vowel sound and a long vowel sound.

A-IMPORTANT TERMS:

2-Digraph:

- -Digraph is two letters that represent one sound.
- -Consonant Digraph:
- made of consonants, the two consonants work together to form a new sound. Examples include **ch**ap

-Vowel digraphs:

In a vowel digraph, two vowels are side by side. The first vowel is long and says its name. The second vowel is silent, as in paint.



A-IMPORTANT TERMS:

3-Syllable:

* Syllable is a single unit of sound that makes up words. (How long the word is). A word may have one syllable, two or more.

*Every syllable must have at least one Vowel.

Benifits:

Because we have words that contain more than unit of sounds.

-We need to

decode/devide/break down

them, so we can read them.



There are 6 six syllable types:

- 1. Closed Syllable
- 2. Open Syllable
- 3. Silent e (Vowel Consonant e)
- 4. R Controlled Vowel
- 5. Vowel Team
- 6. Consonant-le

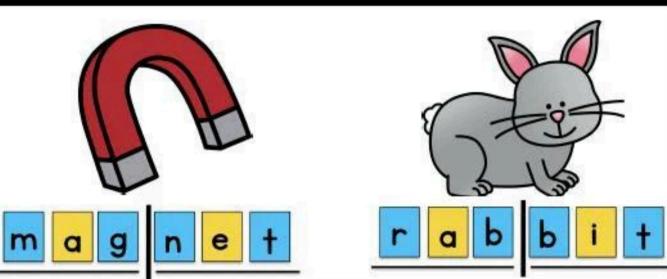


Syllable Types

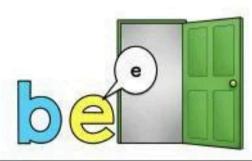
Closed



Vowels are closed in by at least one consonant. Vowels are short.

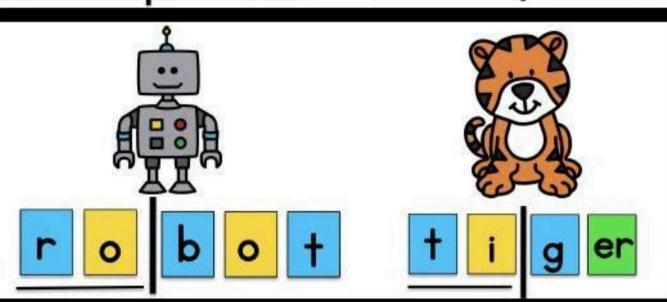


Open



Vowels are open. (There is no consonant after it.)

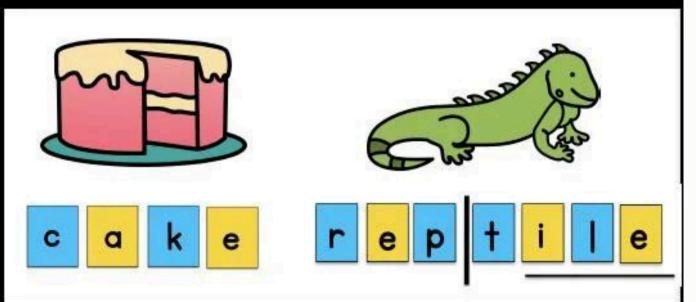
Vowels are long.



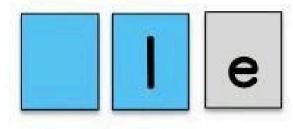
Silent e (VCe)



A syllable with a vowel followed by ONE consonant, then e. The first vowel is usually long and e is silent.

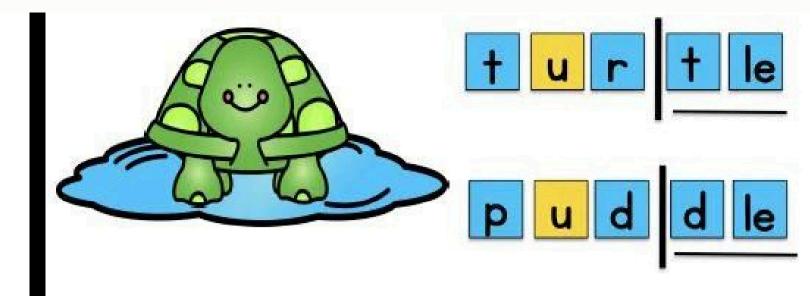


Consonant -le

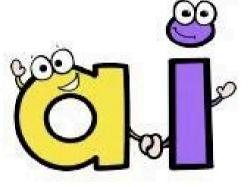


Found at the end of words.

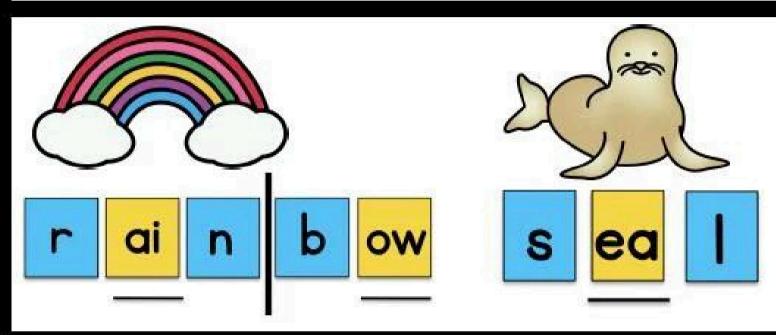
The -LE sounds like "UL".



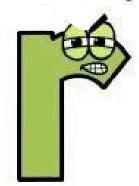
Vowel Teams



Two or more vowels together make one vowel sound.



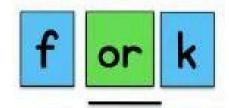
Controlled R



The syllable's vowel is followed by an R, "controlling" its sound. ar, er, ir, ur, or









*Familiarity with syllable patterns helps READER, to read longer words accurately and fluently and to solve spelling problems.

Ways of breaking down words into Syllables:

for example "Closed syllable":

*VC/CV - Words are separated into syllables when two spoken

vowels are separated by two consonants.

The consonants can be the same or different.

magnet= mag/net

The two spoken vowels sounds are short a and short e.

The are separated by the two consonants g and n.

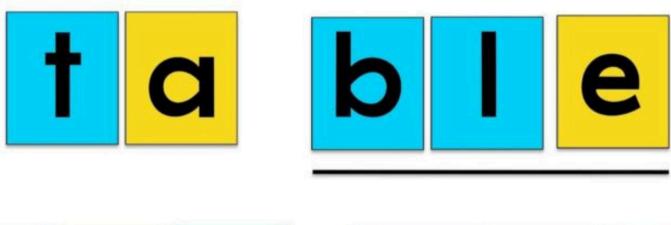
basket =bas/ket
pencil =pen/cil
plastic =pla/tic

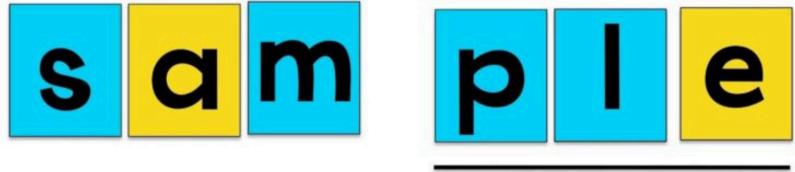




C+LE

If a word ends with a consonant -le, split before that consonant.





B-GROUP 2 SOUNDS:

CKehrmd

1-C

The letter c represents /s/ before the letters e, i or y=

-city,cercle,cycle.

otherwise it represents /k/=

-cat, can, cut, act.

picnic tact attic

2-k

ink, stink, tank, pink, sank,

Ck

pick, pack, kick, sack

3-e

set, pet, net, pen, ten, test.

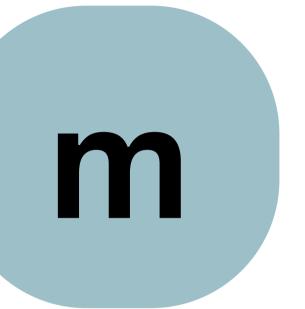
inspect, tense

4-h

hen, hat, hit, hint happen, honk



Hold your hand up to your mouth as if you are out of breath, and say _h, h, h,



rat, rip, ran, rent, press, prick, print, risk, scrap, respect, trespass

man, men, map, mat, hem, rim, ram, mass, mimic, tram, prim, tempt, attempt, mink

d

dad, den, did, dip, sad, end drastic, rapid, attend, admit, errand, madam, adap

Exercise

1-Practice blending on the words below: dim, mid, timid, disc, deck, tend, addict, handicap, intend, track, trap, trick, trip, strict, crisps, crept, crack, present, rinse, cricket spirit, strip, actress, transparent, attract, resist, step, tennis, tent, insect, ticket, kitten, sense, packet arrest, antenna, cassette

2-Separate each word into syllables using the vc/cv and C-Le pattern:

1.napkin/	
2. zipper/	
3. garden/	
4. dentist/	
5. muffin/	
6. sandal/	
7.mable/	
8.castle/	
9. puzzle/	
10 Single /	





ANY QUESTIONS?

